



# GANDHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT (GITAM)

(Deemed to be University)

(Estd. u/s 3 of the UGC Act, 1956), NAAC Accredited with 'A+' Grade  
Visakhapatnam | Hyderabad | Bengaluru

## GITAM School of Gandhian Studies

Department of Applied Philosophy

PhD Entrance Test 2020-21

Model-Question paper

Duration: 2 hours

Max Marks: 140

**Note : This is a sample paper. The main examination paper will be online and consists of 35 questions each in section A and section B**

### Section A: Research Methodology

1. Experimental Research Deals with
  - a. Variables
  - b. Controls
  - c. Scientific inferences
  - d. All of the Above
  
2. A research should be
  - a. Objective
  - b. Valid
  - c. Reliable
  - d. All of the Above
  
3. Generally the data of the research is
  - a. Quantitative only
  - b. Qualitative only
  - c. Both A and B
  - d. None of the above
  
4. Cross-sectional researches are fundamentally related with
  - a. Sample
  - b. Statistics
  - c. Tendencies
  - d. Eugenics
  
5. Synopsis of a research is
  - a. Blue print of research
  - b. Summary of research
  - c. Extract of research
  - d. A plan of research
  
6. Etymological meaning of the term hypothesis is
  - a. The statement tentative to verification
  - b. The statement leads to prediction

- c. The statement giving tentative solution
  - d. None of the above
7. The basis of the formulation of hypothesis is
- a. Observation
  - b. Reflection
  - c. Deduction
  - d. All of the above
8. Independent variable is the variable which can be manipulated by the
- a. Researcher
  - b. Subject
  - c. Supervisor
  - d. Confederate
9. if a researcher rejects a null hypothesis it shows
- a. The difference is existed between two variables under consideration
  - b. The difference is not existed between two variables under consideration
  - c. The difference may exist or not exist between two variables under consideration
  - d. None of the above
10. A good sample has the quality of
- a. Representativeness
  - b. Inadequacy
  - c. Heterogeneity
  - d. Cultural basis

## **Section B: Applied Philosophy**

1. Greek Philosophy begins with
- a. An inquiry into the essence of the objective world.
  - b. By studying body and mind problem.
  - c. Accepting received opinions.
  - d. Accepting customary set forth doctrines.
2. For Russell, the father of the line of philosophers was
- a. Thales
  - b. Socrates
  - c. Plato
  - d. Anaximander
3. The prominent sophists were
- I. Protagoras
  - II. Gorgias
  - III. Socrates
  - IV. Plato

**Code:**

- a. I and III

- b. I and II
- c. III and IV
- d. II and IV

4. 'Socratic Irony' means

- a. Lecturing on the street corners.
- b. Ready to face death for the sake of truth.
- c. Evolving truth through dialogue.
- d. Acting as that one knew less.

5. For Plato, Dialectics

- a. is based on reason
- b. gives us mere appearances
- c. rests on personal feelings
- d. is the art of thinking in concepts

6. According to Empiricists, all knowledge springs from

- a. Experience
- b. Understanding
- c. God
- d. Reason

7. According to Leibnitz, soul is

- a. not a monad
- b. an independent monad
- c. supreme monad
- d. in the 'pineal gland'

8. Saint Augustine's influential work, The City of God was considered as the first book on

- a. Comparative Philosophy
- b. Philosophy of Religion
- c. Philosophy of History
- d. Philosophy of Christianity

9. Summa Theologica was written by

- a. Saint Augustine
- b. Saint Anselm
- c. St. Thomas Aquinas
- d. None of the above

10. An Essay Concerning Human Understanding was written by

- a. Descartes
- b. Spinoza
- c. Leibnitz
- d. Locke